



The percentage of the population that is employed in the service sector has increased steadily over the period shown. This is reflected in the upward-sloping line on the graph, which shows a consistent rise from 20% in 1980 to 80% in 2000.

The data indicates that the service sector has become the dominant part of the economy. The percentage of the population employed in this sector has grown from 20% in 1980 to 80% in 2000, a significant increase. This suggests that the economy has shifted from a focus on manufacturing and agriculture to a focus on services. The steady increase over the 20-year period shows that this trend is not just a short-term fluctuation but a long-term structural change.

The graph also shows that the percentage of the population employed in the service sector has increased at a steady rate. This is evident from the straight line connecting the data points. The rate of increase is consistent throughout the period, suggesting a stable and ongoing process of economic transformation.

In conclusion, the graph clearly shows that the percentage of the population employed in the service sector has increased significantly over the 20-year period. This increase is a key indicator of economic development and structural change. The steady rise from 20% in 1980 to 80% in 2000 highlights the growing importance of the service sector in the economy.

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]
