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1. **Introduction**
The purpose of this study is to investigate the effects of a new educational program on student learning outcomes. The program is designed to enhance critical thinking and problem-solving skills through a series of interactive modules.

2. **Methodology**
The study employed a quasi-experimental design, comparing the performance of students who participated in the program (the experimental group) with those who did not (the control group). Data was collected through standardized tests and surveys.

3. **Results and Discussion**

The results of the study indicate that students in the experimental group showed significantly higher scores on the standardized tests compared to the control group. This suggests that the program effectively improved their learning outcomes. The discussion explores the reasons for these findings, including the role of the interactive modules and the support provided by the instructors.

Furthermore, the surveys revealed that students in the experimental group reported higher levels of engagement and motivation throughout the course. This increased engagement is likely a contributing factor to their improved performance. The study also identified some challenges, such as the need for more resources and training for the instructors.

Overall, the findings of this study support the implementation of the new educational program. It provides valuable insights into the effectiveness of interactive learning and the importance of student engagement in achieving better educational outcomes.

4. **Conclusion**

The study concludes that the new educational program has a positive impact on student learning outcomes. The interactive modules and the support provided by the instructors are key factors in this success. Future research should focus on refining the program and exploring its long-term effects on student learning.

5. **References**









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QUESTION

1. A company has a current ratio of 1.5 and a quick ratio of 1.0. If the company's current liabilities are \$100,000, what are its current assets and quick assets?

SOLUTION

Current Ratio = Current Assets / Current Liabilities
1.5 = Current Assets / \$100,000
Current Assets = 1.5 × \$100,000 = \$150,000

Quick Ratio = Quick Assets / Current Liabilities
1.0 = Quick Assets / \$100,000
Quick Assets = 1.0 × \$100,000 = \$100,000

QUESTION

2. A company has a debt-to-equity ratio of 0.8 and a return on equity of 12%. If the company's return on assets is 8%, what is its financial leverage ratio?

SOLUTION

Return on Equity = Return on Assets × Financial Leverage Ratio
12% = 8% × Financial Leverage Ratio
Financial Leverage Ratio = 12% / 8% = 1.5

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