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1. **Introduction**

The purpose of this study is to investigate the effects of the proposed system on the performance of the participants. The study was conducted in a laboratory setting and involved a group of 20 participants.

The participants were randomly assigned to two groups: the control group and the experimental group. The control group used the traditional method, while the experimental group used the proposed system.

The results of the study showed that the proposed system significantly improved the performance of the participants compared to the traditional method. The improvement was statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

The proposed system was found to be more effective than the traditional method in terms of accuracy and speed. The experimental group showed a significant increase in accuracy and a decrease in response time compared to the control group.

Group	Accuracy (%)	Response Time (s)
Control Group	78.5	12.5
Experimental Group	85.2	10.8

The data indicates that the proposed system is a more effective method for improving performance.

The results of this study suggest that the proposed system is a promising approach for improving performance.

The proposed system was found to be more effective than the traditional method in terms of accuracy and speed. The experimental group showed a significant increase in accuracy and a decrease in response time compared to the control group.

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